

From S. F.:  
China, Apr. 25.  
For S. F.:  
Nile, Apr. 21.  
From Vancouver:  
Makura, Apr. 22.  
For Vancouver:  
Niagara, Apr. 21.

# Honolulu Star-Bulletin

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## FLETCHER ORDERED TO SEIZE CUSTOM HOUSE

### Bourbon Bickerings Throw Jobs To Loyal Mainland Democrats

### Huerta Will Lose Several Million Rounds of Ammunition, Besides 200 German Cannon

#### PATRONAGE PIE STRAYS FROM HOME IN SPITE OF VALIANT BATTLE BY CHARLES BARRON

Texan Slated for Postmastership—Pacheco Almost Reconsidered but Storm of Protests Blocked Action—Cottrill to be Relieved as Soon as Treasury Department Lights Upon Desirable Successor.

By C. S. ALBERT.

[Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—All the best pieces of Patronage Pie for distribution in Hawaii seem destined to be devoured by mainlanders. The best, calm, cold-blooded political prophets here now predict that a citizen of Texas, or some other good state, will be sent over as postmaster at Honolulu. The word is handed out that an outsider will be named as collector of internal revenue. Official sentiment here is now settling in the direction of filling territorial vacancies with imported talent.

The total inability of the various Democratic factions in Hawaii to unite in making recommendations is responsible for this theory that appears destined to eventually become a conviction. Various organizations and committees suggest names and throw bricks at those mentioned by rival branches of the party. Reconciliation of local differences evidently is impossible. The production of a name brings forth a storm of protests. There is entire absence of concert and harmony.

The appointment of Lucius E. Plakham as governor resulted from these causes and no other. President Wilson reached a point where he simply threw up his hands, waste-basketed all the different endorsements and declared that he would select a man not mentioned in connection with the successionship to Mr. Fren. He executed that determination.

The slip-up in naming Manuel C. Pacheco as postmaster at Honolulu was about the last straw on the backs of officials here. They realized then and there that bitter factional quarrels would follow the selection of territorial residents for any federal place at home. This conclusion was just what was needed when Charles Barron arrived and threw new light on the situation. He was welcomed by executive heads. His narrative of political and economic conditions in Hawaii was heard. He was questioned and cross-examined at great length for the purpose of bringing out in detail all the petty bickerings and jealousies that have led to the variety of endorsements and protests. He was warmly thanked for the recital of events. He was greeted with cordiality and dismissed with politeness.

The process of summing up was begun. Despite Mr. Barron's hustling and confidence, word was confidentially handed out that he had little or no chance of being selected as postmaster at Honolulu. It was intimated that a mainland would be given the coveted position. There was an intimation that Mr. Pacheco might be taken up and given further consideration, but the Texas man seemed to have the right of way.

Treasury department officials quietly indicated that Mr. Cottrill would be relieved whenever some good man from one of the states could be found. There was little suggestion that the man named by Mr. Barron would be given the place.

And so on down the line. A general disposition has been manifested to disregard any further recommendations from the rival Democratic factions in Hawaii, but to pick up men who seek a change of climate or are willing to undergo some hardships for the compensation involved. This does not mean that Mr. Barron has become disheartened. It does not mean his final elimination in connection with the postmastership, but it approximates that point. All straws are flying thick and fast in that direction.

As for himself, Mr. Barron declares he will fight to the end and make a good showing. He is loyal to those who sent him here and will render a faithful accounting of his stewardship. If ultimate failure be his portion it will not result from lethargy or inactivity. Disruption and absence of harmony will be responsible.

#### NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS ARE CALLED TOGETHER TO LAY PLANS

Indications That 1st Infantry, N. G. H., Will Take Field in Event of War With Mexico

That the national guard of Hawaii may be immediately mobilized in the event of war with Mexico is indicated by orders issued, and unusual activity manifested around guard headquarters this morning.

Every commissioned officer of the national guard of Hawaii, which includes the officers of the 1st Infantry, and those of the various staff departments of the militia organization, is ordered to report at the armory at 5 o'clock this afternoon. This order was issued this morning by Colonel J. W. Jones, the adjutant-general, by command of Governor Pinkham. The only information given out in regard to the calling together of the officers is that the meeting is to discuss the Mexican situation and determine the readiness of the Hawaiian national guard to take the field if called out.

It is the opinion of guard officers that while it is known to be against the policy of the war department to take the Hawaiian troops away from the territory, it is quite likely that the militia will be ordered into the field if hostilities against Mexico commence, on the possibility of war with the southern republic resulting in foreign complications which might put Oahu on the defensive.

It would mean strenuous work on the part of the company commanders to turn out their organizations, as some of them, especially the recently recruited companies, are not fully equipped. However, if the order is given, the 1st Infantry, N. G. H., will turn out nearly its full paper strength, according to estimates made today. The 1st Infantry has a strength of 44 officers and 843 men. Five officers are on leave at the present time.

The following table shows the comparative strength of the regiment by companies, based on the inspections of 1913 and 1914:

Company	1913			1914			Total
	Present	Absent	Total	Present	Absent	Total	
A	23	14	37	3	27	32	59
K	30	11	41	2	36	44	80
C	21	22	43	3	41	37	78
D	...	...	...	3	54	12	66
E	45	8	53	1	41	25	66
F	29	14	43	2	41	25	66
G	23	16	39	1	39	30	69
H	...	...	...	2	72	18	90
I	35	9	44	1	40	20	60
L	36	22	58	3	43	29	72
M	27	5	32	3	51	19	70
B	...	...	...	1	52	8	60
Field and Staff	7	2	9	14	4	3	7
Totals	24	293	317	39	541	302	843

Five officers absent.  
Aggregate strength 1st Inf. commissioned and enlisted, 887, or gain since last inspection of 447 men.

Sailing from Hilo on March 21, the schooner Prosper in ballast is reported to have arrived at Port Townsend on last Sunday.

Following the discharge of a shipment of lumber at Hilo, the schooner A. M. Baxter is reported to have reached Mukilteo yesterday.

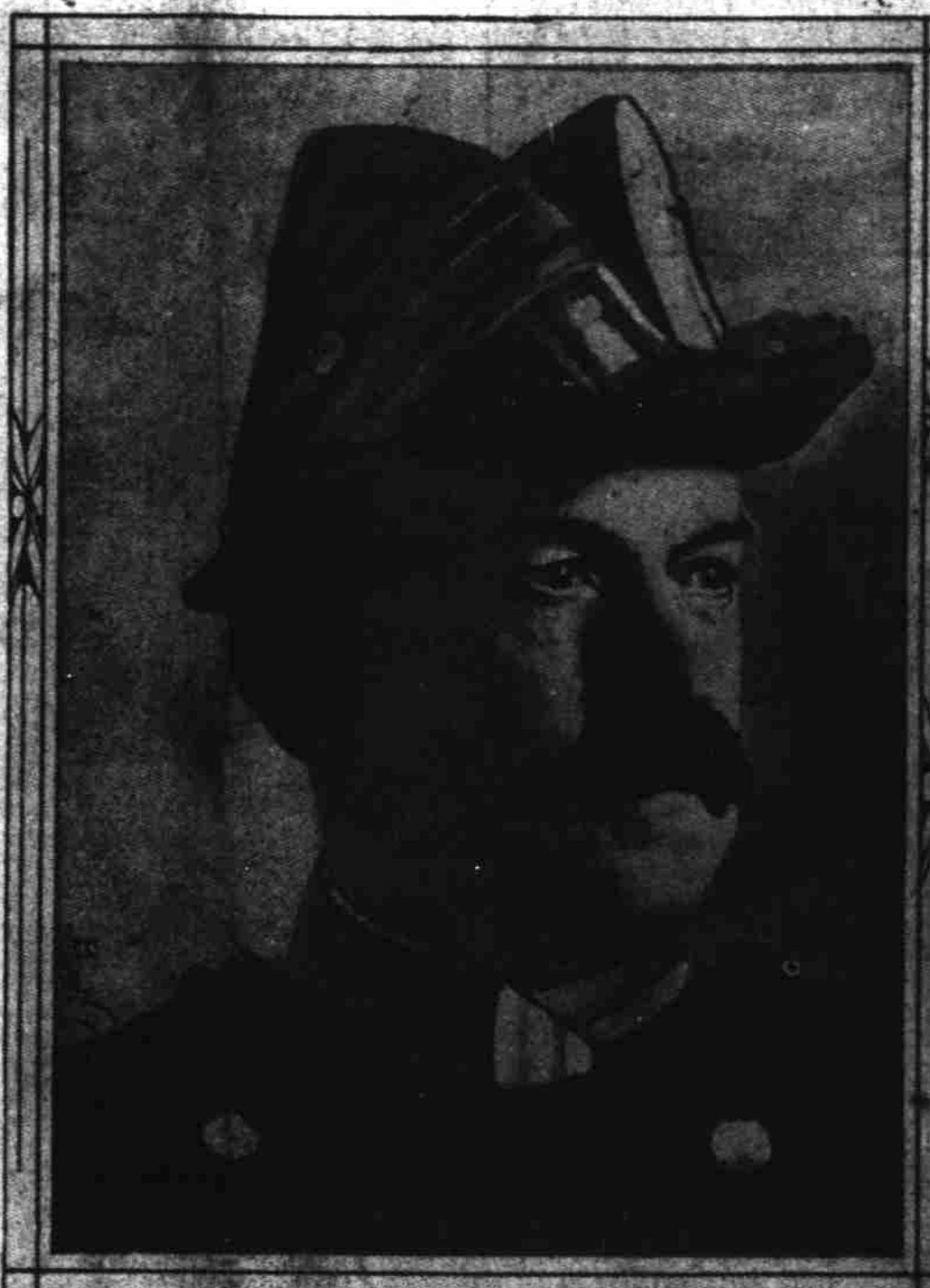
#### MONUMENTS

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#### PARTICIPANTS IN MEXICAN CRISIS



Upper picture, to left, Major-general George Barnett, commandant of U. S. marines; below, Major-general Arthur Murray, commanding Western Department, headquarters at San Francisco; at bottom, Brigadier-general Funston, commanding Second Division, headquarters at Texas City, Tex.; at right: above, Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, ordered to seize customs house at Vera Cruz; below, Major-general Leonard Wood, chief of staff, who will assume command of the army in case of war; at bottom, Rear-admiral Henry T. Mayo, whose demand for salute precipitated the crisis.

will deliver in Cooke hall. Young Men's Christian Association building. Thursday evening, beginning at 8 o'clock. Doctor Wilcox will tell of the work of the small farmer in this territory and how he markets his crops.

#### CANAVARRO DEAD AFTER ILLNESS OF TWO WEEKS

Had Held Office of Portuguese Consul-General in Hawaii for Past Thirty Years

A. de Souza Canavarro, for 30 years consul-general of Portugal here, died this morning at 6 o'clock, the end of a series of heart attacks which began two weeks ago. Just before his death he named Dr. L. R. Gaspar, his countryman, physician and close friend, his temporary successor in office, and so notified Governor Pinkham.

Canavarro, who was known and respected over the entire territory, was 55 years of age. Coming here as consul 30 years ago, he witnessed the ascent and descent of the Hawaiian monarchy. He is survived by one son, George Canavarro, who is now engaged in the forest service in the state of Washington.

Dr. Gaspar, who attended the consul in his illness, stated this morning that the death occurred at 6 o'clock this

#### BLOCKADE NOT YET ORDERED AT TAMPICO OR VERA CRUZ, MARINES ARE MOVING SOUTH

South Dakota Preparing to Move South Along the Mexican Coast—Senator Lodge Supports Wilson While Works of California Favors Acceptance of Huerta's Apology as Sufficient—Americans and Other Foreigners Fleeing from Mexico City.

[Associated Press Cable]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—President Wilson, this morning, ordered Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, commander of the 3rd division of the Atlantic fleet, to immediately seize the Vera Cruz customs house and thus prevent Huerta securing several million rounds of ammunition.

Fletcher is further ordered to watch for a German steamer, now due at Vera Cruz, loaded with 200 cannon for Huerta's forces and to seize the munitions after they have been landed.

No blockade of any of the Mexican ports has thus far been ordered and none is existing. However, there is a possibility that blockades at Vera Cruz and Tampico will be ordered within the next few hours.

#### Foreigners Fleeing Mexico City.

VERA CRUZ, April 21.—Reports reaching this port are to the effect that American and other foreign residents of Mexico City are fleeing towards the coast as rapidly as possible. There is a general exodus from the capital and the advance guard is expected to reach here shortly.

#### Rebel Forces Open Attack on Monterey.

JUAREZ, April 21.—In addition to the other troubles with which Provisional President Huerta is gradually surrounding himself the rebel forces have opened an attack on Monterey.

#### American Troops In Mexico At Vera Cruz, Says Report

[Special Service by Federal Wireless]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Reports have been received by the war department to the effect that American troops have entered Mexico at Vera Cruz. It is believed that this move is in conjunction with the orders sent from here to Admiral Fletcher to seize the customs house at that port and to take charge of 200 cannon when unloaded from a German steamer.

Congress still is debating the Mexican question.

#### Lodge Upholds Wilson While Works Would Accept Apology

[Associated Press Cable]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Congress reconvened this morning and the senate immediately started work on a resolution supporting the action of President Wilson in the Mexican situation.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, opened the debate, approving the action of President Wilson in every step he has taken.

Senator John D. Works, of California, introduced a resolution favoring the acceptance of the apologies offered by Huerta as sufficient. This resolution was offered as an amendment to the house resolution, justifying the action of President Wilson, which had been laid before the senate yesterday.

#### Goethals Says Canal Can Accommodate Battleship

[Special Service by Federal Wireless]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Col. George W. Goethals stated, today, that the Panama canal can accommodate warships at any time it is found necessary to impress it into use.

This statement from the man who built the great waterway came as a great relief to the navy department, as it had been reported that the canal would not be accessible for several months.

#### Marines Enroute South

[Associated Press Cable]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—Three hundred marines left Mare Island today for San Diego. The party is being rushed south as rapidly as possible, in order that it may be available for action across the Mexican line upon the shortest of notice.

(Continued on page three)

(Additional cable on page eight)